

# Making Better Decisions How we can decide better together.

Tobi(as Mende), Tech Unicorn Builders



# When do we know a decision is good?



# Evaluate decisions based on the information available, not their outcomes.



# Why does good decision making matter?



# 85% of business leaders have suffered from decision distress.



# 74% of people say the number of decisions they make daily has increased 10x over the last three years



# Large construction projects typically take 20% longer to finish than scheduled and are up to 80% over budget due to poor decisions.



# Why does it matter to decide together?

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## Why does it matter...

#### to make decisions together?

- √ Use swarm intelligence More brains!
- √ Benefit from diversity
- √ Share the load
- √ Help people understand the decision
- √ Enable people to commit
- √ Make the decision a success







# We make decisions to exert control over our lives and navigate our environment effectively.



## Why is this so difficult?

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## Where are we going to have dinner?



# "The more equally attractive two alternatives seem, the harder it can be to choose between them."

Fredkin's Paradox



## How to make good decisions alone?

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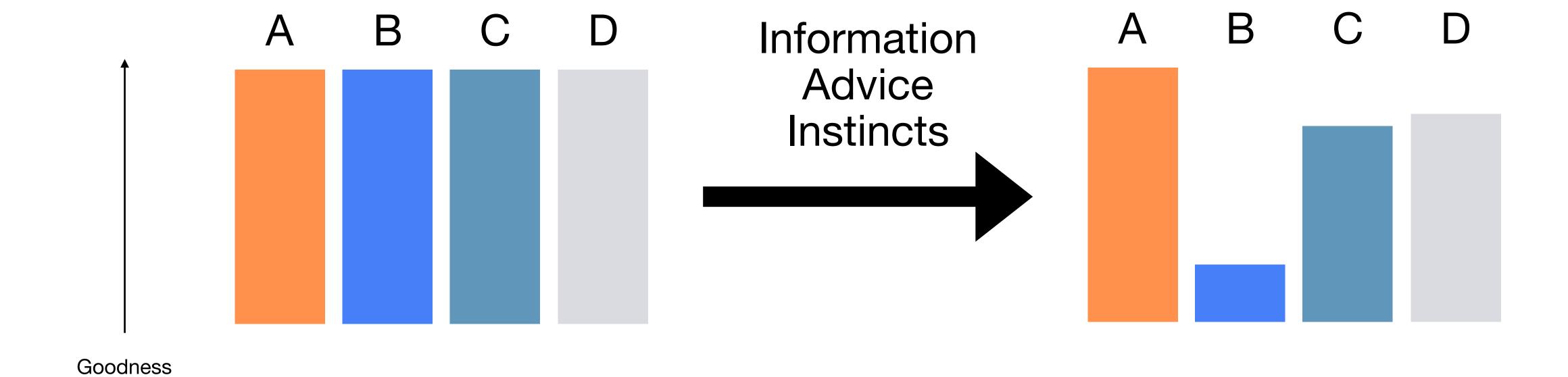
### How to make good decisions alone?



- 1. Define Your Priorities
- 2. Gather Information
- 3. Weigh the Pros and Cons
- 4. Consider the Alternatives
- 5. Trust Your Instincts
- 6. Seek Advice
- 7. Make a Decision

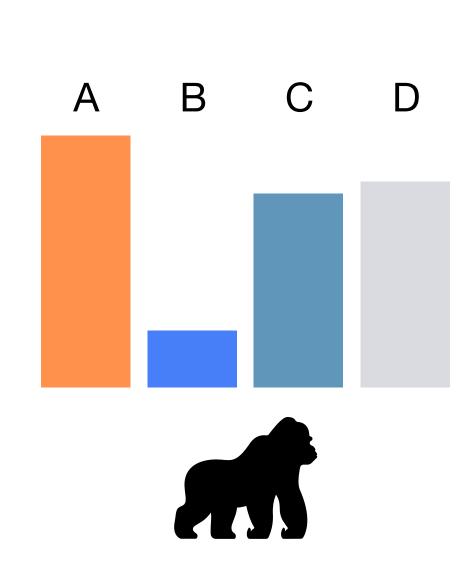
## Deciding alone

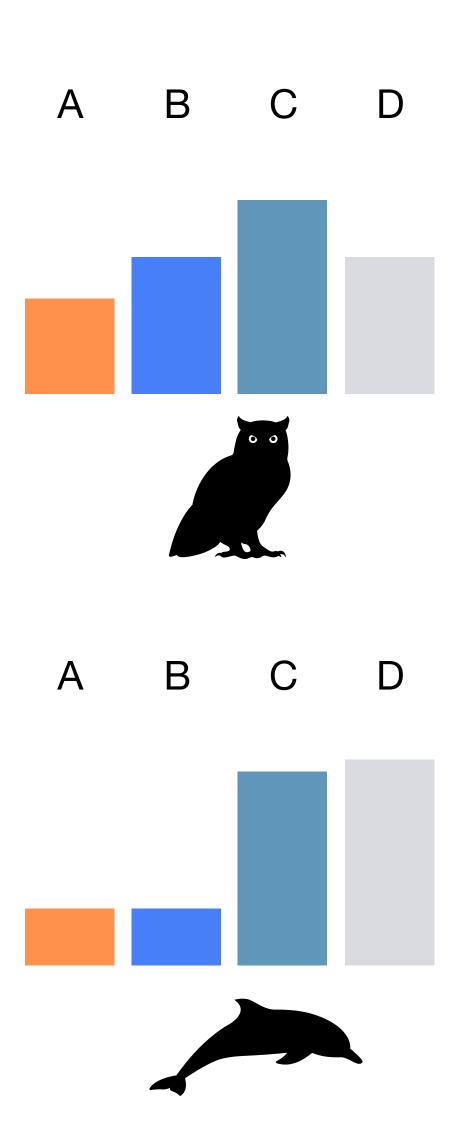


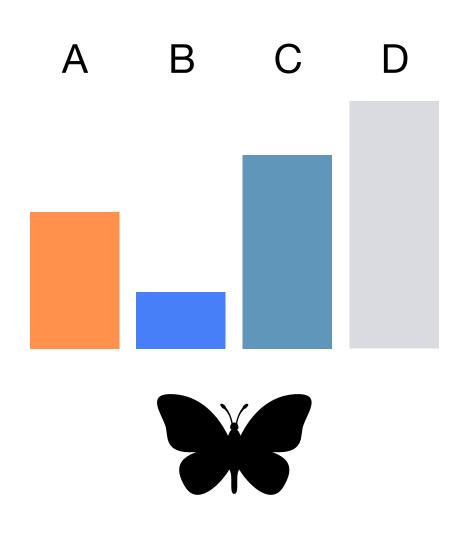


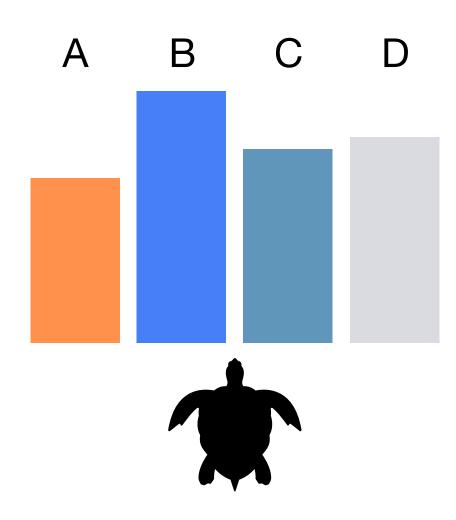
## Deciding as a group













## ... and now what?





## How to make good decisions together?

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- 1. HIPPO
- 2. Loudest Person Wins
- 3. Decision by Delegation
- 4. Consensus
- 5. Consent
- 6. Consent with integrative objection handling
- 7. Systemic Consensing
- 8. Proposal/Advice Process
- 9. Roling a dice





Highest Paid Persons Opinion



- **Loudest Person Wins**
- Rarely the best option.
- Stopps others from contributing.
- Lack of diversity.
- Lack of commitment.



#### **Decision by Delegation**

- Pick one person.
- That person decides.
- Good if
  - Person has enough knowledge
  - Consequences are low

## TECH UNICORN

#### Consensus = Everybody agrees

- Often impossible to achieve.
- Sometimes, the perfect decision does not exist.
- Endless search to make everybody equally happy.
- Decision Paralysis 

   Frustration



Consent = Nobody objects

- Objection != I don't like it.
- Objection = This will cause harm (explain why)
- Question: Is it safe enough to try?



#### Consent with integrative objection handling

- 1. Present proposal
- 2. Ask comprehension questions
- 3. Collect reactions
- 4. Improve proposal
- 5. Raise objections
- 6. Integrate objections

## TECH UNICORN

#### **Systemic Consensing**

- 1. Create a shared problem understanding.
- 2. Find as many solution options as possible.
- 3. Ensure everybody understands the options.
- 4. Check individual resistance (0-5).
- 5. Collect the results.



Problem	Status Quo	Proposal 1	Proposal 2	Proposal 3	Proposal 4
Person A					
Person B					
Person C					
Person D					
Person E					
	0	0	0	0	0





- Alice, Bob, Eve, Max, and Martha are a team.
- Martha notices that the team spirit has decreased since all members are working fully remote.



Our team spirit decreased since we are all remote.					
Alice					
Bob					
Eve					
Max					
Martha					
	0	0	0	0	0

## TECH UNICORN BUILDERS

Our team spirit decreased since we are all remote.	Change nothing	Go back to the office	Meet in the office 1 day a week	Meet for an onsite every quarter	Do more team programming remotely
Alice					
Bob					
Eve					
Max					
Martha					
	0	0	0	0	0

## TECH UNICORN B U I L D E R S

### Systemic Consensing – Example (easy decision)

Our team spirit decreased since we are all remote.	Change nothing	Go back to the office	Meet in the office 1 day a week	Meet for an onsite every quarter	Do more team programming remotely
Alice	2	5	4	2	1
Bob	2	5	4	2	1
Eve	2	5	5	5	2
Max	2	3	5	3	2
Martha	5	2	1	4	3
	13	20	19	16	9



#### Systemic Consensing – Example (difficult decision)

Our team spirit decreased since we are all remote.	Change nothing	Go back to the office	Meet in the office 1 day a week	Meet for an onsite every quarter	Do more team nming ely
Alice	2	5	4		0
Bob	2	5	ation Hal	ndling	3
Eve	2	5 unteg	rative Objection	5	3
Max	2	continue with III	ative Objection Half	3	2
Martha		2	1	4	5
	13	20	19	16	13





Integrative Objection Handling – Example (difficult decision)

- 1. Change nothing: Stay remote and do nothing to improve the situation (Martha: 5)
- 2. Try remote team programmings to improve the situation (Martha: 5)





Rolling a Dice

# "The more equally attractive two alternatives seem, the harder it can be to choose between them."

Fredkin's Paradox





Rolling a Dice

"The more equally attractive two alternatives seem, the harder it can be to choose between them – no matter that, to the same degree, the choice can only matter less."

Fredkin's Paradox



## But we can do EVEN better!



## Through distributed decisions!

### Tension-based Proposal Processing



#### How it is done

- 1. Based on felt tensions
- 2. Document-based
- 3. Integrate feedback
- 4. Handle objections
- 5. Default-to-yes

### Tension-based Proposal Processing



#### Why it works

- 1. Change becomes understandable
- 2. No endless discussions
- 3. Empowers everyone to initiate and make big decisions safely
- 4. Can dissolve hierarchies
- 5. Writing creates clarity
- 6. Focus on real tensions
- 7. Some tensions resolve on their own
- 8. Leads to acceptance



# The quality of our decisions is limited by the quality of our options.

### How to generate ideas in a group?



- 1. "Classic" Brainstorming
- 2. 1-2-4-All
- 3. 25/10 Crowd Sourcing (for larger groups)
- 4. Secret Brainstorming + Affinity Mapping





#### "Classic" Brainstorming

Pro: Everybody knows it.

Con: It does not work.





1-2-4-AII

- 1. Everybody silently writes down their ideas alone.
- 2. Two people come together and share their ideas with each other.
- 3. Two pairs come together and share their ideas with each other.
- 4. All groups present their ideas to each other.





#### 25/10 Crowd Sourcing

- 1. Every participant writes their best idea on an index card.
- 2. The cards are passed around in the room for some time.
- 3. Everybody now has a card different from theirs.
- 4. Read the idea and rate it (1-5)
- 5. Repeat 5 times.
- 6. Sum scores and sort cards by score.

### How to generate ideas in a group?

# TECH UNICORN B. U. I. D. E. R. S

#### Secret Brainstorming + Affinity Mapping

- 1. Silently write down your ideas secretly.
- 2. Mix the ideas.
- 3. Review all the generated ideas.
- 4. Group similar ones and reframe as one idea.



### How to make decisions easier?

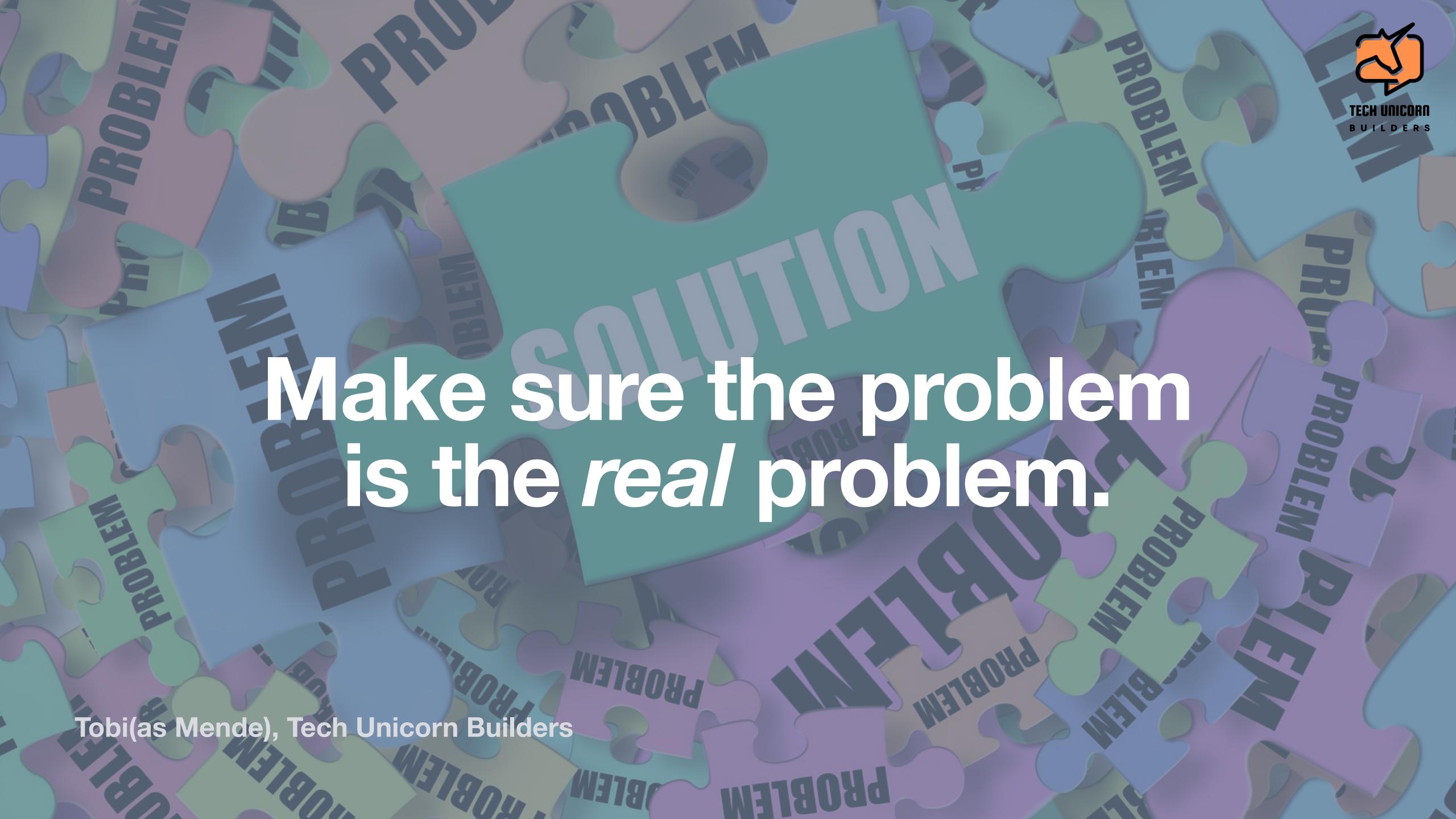


# Make decisions smaller.





# Make decisions more often.



# About me Tobi(as Mende)



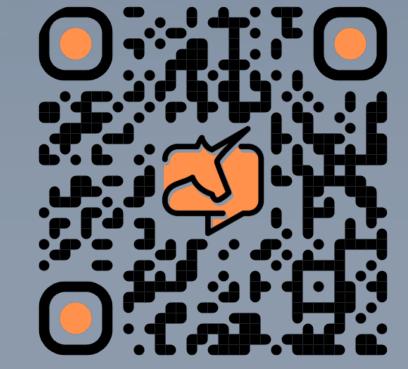
- Helping founders build high-performing selfmanaging organizations
- Doing this through:
  - Leadership Consulting,
  - Technical Agile Coaching,
  - Interim (Engineering) Leadership,
  - Workshops, Courses, Mentoring



Please Give Feedback, Connect, Get Slides



# Which decision will you make differently tomorrow?



Please Give Feedback, Connect, Get Slides